

A Guide to the Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917

Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917
1912-1917



A Collection in the Library of Virginia 1119464
Library of Virginia
2010
Author: Sam Walters

History

Processed by: Library of Virginia staff

Title Statement

A Guide to the Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917

Subtitle: Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917

Collection: 1119464

Author: Sam Walters

Publication Statement

Date: © 2010 By The Library of Virginia. All Rights Reserved.

Publisher: Library of Virginia

[Conditions of Use](#)

Profile Description

Creation: Machine-readable finding aid derived from being created directly into EAD, created by Sam Walters, 28 April 2010

Language Usage: Description is in English

Revision Description

2013-11-21 Converted to schema conforming EAD by dtd2schema.vh.xsl.

Descriptive Summary

Barcode number

1119464

Language

English

Collector

Prince Edward County (Va.) Circuit Court

Physical Characteristics

1 box

Location

Library of Virginia

Repository

The Library of Virginia

Administrative Information

Access Restrictions

There are no restrictions.

Use Restrictions

RESTRICTED Birth records are closed for 100 years after the date of birth. (Code of Virginia 32.1-271, 42.1-78).

For copies of birth certificates within the 100 year restriction, contact the Virginia Department of Health, Office of Vital Records and Health Statistics.

Acquisition Information

These items came to the Library of Virginia in shipments of court papers from Prince Edward County.

Preferred Citation

Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917. Local government records collection, Prince Edward County Court Records. The Library of Virginia, Richmond, Va. 23219.

Adjunct Descriptive Data

Related Material

Prince Edward County Vital Statistic Records can be obtained through the [Virginia Department of Health](#).

Additional Prince Edward County Vital Statistic Records can be found on microfilm at The Library of Virginia web site. Consult [A Guide to Virginia County and City Records on Microfilm](#).

Historical Information

Prince Edward County was named in honor of Edward Augustus, a son of Prince Frederick Louis, a grandson of George II, and a younger brother of George III. The county was formed from Amelia County in 1753.

Laws requiring the recording of births and deaths in Virginia were enacted as early as 1632, when a law directed ministers or churchwardens in each parish to present a "register of all burialls, christenings, and marriages" yearly at the June meeting of the court. A similar act passed in 1659 stated that "enquiries are often made for persons imported into the collonie, of whose death no positive certificate can be granted for want of registers." Few records survive from these early decades.

In 1713, the General Assembly noted that earlier acts had "for a long time been disused" and once again directed the recording of births and deaths by the minister or clerk of each parish. A return made the same year noted that the list of births and deaths was not complete since many parishes failed to make returns "for tis a thing so new to the people that neither they care to Register their Births and Burials, nor are the Parish Clerks yet brought into a regular method of transmitting them."

The recording of vital statistics continued to be an ecclesiastical function throughout the colonial period. With the disestablishment of the Anglican church after the American Revolution and the rise of other religious denominations, the record-keeping process for vital statistics fell more and more to the individual family. By the mid-nineteenth century, however, medical science began to recognize the advantages of accurate birth and mortality information in controlling and treating communicable diseases. Pressure from local and national health organizations and medical professionals resulted in the passage of vital statistics registration laws. Virginia was one of the earliest states to pass such a law.

A law requiring the systematic statewide recording of births and deaths was passed by the General Assembly on April 11 1853. Every commissioner of revenue registered births and deaths in his district annually, at the same time personal property subject to taxation was ascertained. The commissioner recorded births and deaths that had occurred prior to 31 December of the preceding year and returned the record to the clerk of court by 1 June. Information was obtained from heads of family, physicians, surgeons, or coroners. The law imposed penalties for failing to furnish or collect the information.

The clerk of court in each locality entered the information supplied by the commissioner into registers and prepared an accompanying alphabetical index. A copy of each register was forwarded to the Auditor of Public

Accounts. The law went into effect on 1 July 1853, and continued until 1896, when an economy-conscious legislature repealed the recording provisions.

There was no statewide recording of births and deaths between 1896 and 1912. Several metropolitan areas continued to keep records of births and deaths for all or part of the period between 1896 and 1912. Systematic statewide registration began again in June 1912.

Scope and Content

Prince Edward County (Va.) Birth and Death Records, 1912-1917, consist of birth records.

Information is occasionally missing from the records. If an infant had not been named at the time of birth or death, the entry would record only the surname or note "Smith, infant."

Index Terms

Corporate Names:

Prince Edward County (Va.) Circuit Court

Subjects:

Public records -- Virginia -- Prince Edward County

Geographical Names:

Prince Edward County (Va.) -- History -- 20th century

Prince Edward County (Va.) -- Genealogy

Genre and Form Terms:

Birth records -- Virginia -- Prince Edward County

Death records -- Virginia -- Prince Edward County

Local government records -- Virginia -- Prince Edward County

Vital statistics -- Virginia -- Prince Edward County

Arrangement

Arranged chronologically and then alphabetically by surname.